BANK OF GHANA

AND

FINANCIAL INTELLIGENCE CENTRE

ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING /COMBATING THE FINANCING OF TERRORISM & THE PROLIFERATION OF WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION (AML/CFT&P)

ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS / PENALTIES

FOR

ACCOUNTABLE INSTITUTIONS IN GHANA

AUGUST 2022

INTRODUCTION

The Bank of Ghana and the Financial Intelligence Centre, are mandated to ensure that accountable institutions regulated by Bank of Ghana comply with Anti-Money Laundering, Combating the Financing of Terrorism and Proliferations of Weapons of Mass Destruction (AML/CFT&P) requirements. Accountable institutions are required to conduct their business with high ethical standards and avoid undertaking business relationships that may facilitate ML/TF&PF.

The Anti-Money Laundering Act, 2020 (Act 1044), Anti-Terrorism Act, 2008 (Act 762), Anti-Terrorism (Amendment Act), 2012 (Act 842), Anti-Terrorism (Amendment Act), 2014 (Act 875), Anti-Money Laundering Regulations, 2011 (L.I.1987) which intensified Ghana's efforts towards the fight against money laundering, terrorism and proliferation financing (ML/TF&PF) made provision for both judicial and administrative sanctions applicable to non-compliant institutions. This document seeks to revise the previous document on sanctions and gives clarity to the administrative sanction regime of the Bank of Ghana in view of the passage of Anti-Money Laundering Act, 2020 (Act 1044).

OBJECTIVE

The main objective of this document is to provide guidance for sanctions/penalties that shall be imposed on an accountable institution (AI) regulated by the Bank of Ghana or individuals of an accountable institution for contraventions of the Anti-Money Laundering Act 2020, (Act 1044), Anti-Money Laundering Regulations, 2011 (L.I. 1987) and other relevant AML/CFT&P Regulations, Directives, Guideline or Notices issued by the Bank of Ghana (BOG) or/and the Financial Intelligence Centre (FIC).

The sanctions/penalties outlined in this document are administrative in nature and shall be imposed by the BOG/FIC on accountable institutions or its employees in the event of a breach detected by Bank of Ghana or the Financial Intelligence Centre or other relevant law enforcement agencies.

This document has been formulated in accordance with the provisions of the Anti- Money Laundering Act, 2020 (Act 1044), Anti-Terrorism Act, 2008 (Act 762) as amended, Anti-Money Laundering/Combating the Financing of Terrorism & Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction Guideline 2022 for Accountable Institutions (AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022) and Banks and Specialized Deposit -Taking Institutions Act, 2016 (Act 930) as well as the FATF Revised Recommendations.

LEGAL PROVISIONS

This document is issued pursuant to:

- i. Section 92(8) Act 930; and
- ii. Sections 52 and 53 of Act 1044.

APPLICABILITY

This document shall apply to contraventions by Accountable Institutions or their employees of AML/CFT&P Laws, Regulations, Directives, Guidelines, or Notices issued by the Bank of Ghana or FIC.

Als shall read this document together with other Laws, Regulations, Directives, Guidelines, or Notices issued by the Bank of Ghana and FIC relating to compliance with AML/CFT &P requirements.

EFFECTIVE DATE

This document comes into effect on September 1, 2022

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AIs	ACCOUNTABLE INSTITUTIONS (BANK OF GHANA
	LICENSED INSTITUTIONS)
AML	ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING
AML/CFT&P	ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING, COMBATING THE
	FINANCING OF TERRORISM AND PROLIFERATIONS OF
	WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION
AMLRO	ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING REPORTING OFFICER
BOG	BANK OF GHANA
CDD	CUSTOMER DUE DILIGENCE
CFT	COMBATTING FINANCING OF TERRORISM
DEMI	DEDICATED ELECTRONIC MONEY ISSUER
EDD	ENHANCED DUE DILIGENCE
FATF	FINANCIAL ACTION TASK FORCE

FIC	FINANCIAL INTELLIGENCE CENTRE
FinTech	FINANCIAL TECHNOLOGY
КҮС	KNOW YOUR CUSTOMER
ML	MONEY LAUNDERING
ML/TF&PF	MONEY LAUNDERING, TERRORISM FINANCING AND PROLIFERATION FINANCING
MVTs	MONEY VALUE TRANSFER SERVICES
Р	PROLIFERATION OF WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION
PF	PROLIFERATION FINANCING
PFTSPs	PAYMENT AND FINANCIAL TECHNOLOGY SERVICE PROVIDERS
PSPs	PAYMENT SERVICE PROVIDERS
TF	TERRORISM FINANCING
VAs	VIRTUAL ASSETS
VASPs	VIRTUAL ASSETS SERVICE PROVIDERS

ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS IMPOSED BY BANK OF GHANA AND FINANCIAL INTELLIGENCE CENTRE

The Bank of Ghana, for the purposes of the supervision and enforcement of AML/CFT&P shall impose one or more of the following sanctions in accordance with section 53 of Act 1044:

- 1. A written warning to an individual of an accountable or an accountable institution;
- 2. In the case of an individual, an administrative penalty of not less than five hundred (500) units and not more than twenty thousand (20,000) penalty units;
- 3. In the case of an entity, an administrative penalty of not less than one thousand (1000) penalty units and not more than one hundred thousand (100,000) penalty units;
- 4. A letter disqualifying a person from managing an accountable institution;
- 5. BOG may publish the name of any accountable institution or an individual of an accountable institution that persistently breach any of the AML/CFT&P requirements;
- 6. A suspension of the license of an accountable institution; and
- 7. A revocation of the license of an accountable institution.

PENALTIES/SANCTIONS

S/NO	LAWS/REGULATION/GUIDELINE	OFFENCE	ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY
1.	Section 50 (1) (b) of Act 1044; Regulation 5 of LI 1987; and Paragraph 2.3.4.1 of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	Failure by accountable institution to appoint an Anti-Money Laundering Reporting Officer (AMLRO) at managerial level who will have unfettered access to the books, records and employees of AIs. Failure to inform Bank of Ghana when the office of the AMLRO becomes vacant.	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units
2.	Section 49 (2) (f) of Act 1044	Failure to provide adequate resource for AML/CFT&P function	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units
3.	Section 49 (1) of Act 1044; and Regulation 1 of L.I. 1987 Paragraph 2.3.4.4 (i) of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	 Failure to formulate and implement an adequate and comprehensive AML/CFT&P Policy, procedures or programmes consistent with Act 1044 and the BOG/FIC Guideline (2022) Failure of Board of Directors to deliberate and approve Key AML/CFT&P compliance policies, procedures or programmes or any other AML/CFT&P issues. 	 Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units Board / AMLRO: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000 penalty units.
4.	Section 49 (2) (a) (viii) and (e) of Act 1044; and Paragraphs 2.1.1 and 2.1.2 of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	a. Failure to develop and submit a Board approved Risk Assessment Frameworkb. Failure to conduct and report risk assessment.c. Failure to revise the AML/CFT&P Risk	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units AMLRO: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000

		Assessment Framework upon the request of the supervisory Authority and to reflect changes in internal and external factors that affect the risk assessment of an institution.d. Failure to develop and implement risk assessment framework to identity, assess and mitigate the risks associated with a new and business practices that includes;	penalty units.
5.	Section 49 (5) of Act 1044; and Paragraph 2.7.7 of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	new delivery mechanisms and use of new or developing technology. Failure to ensure foreign branches and subsidiaries of accountable institutions comply with AML/CFT&P policies and procedures.	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units
6.	Section 49 (2) (d) of Act 1044; and Paragraph 2.7.4 of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	Failure to formulate policies and procedures to prevent the misuse of technological development related to electronic means of storing and transferring funds or value	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units AMLRO: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000 penalty units.
7.	Paragraphs 3.9.4 BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	Failure by AIs to identity and assess ML/TF&PF risks associated with Virtual Asset (VA) activities or operations of Virtual Assets Service Providers (VASPs).	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units.
8.	Section 49 (2) (d) (e) of Act 1044;BoGGuidelinesBoGGuidelinesServiceProviders (PSPs), 2021BoGGuidelinesProcessingofPaymentCard	Failure of Financial Technology (FinTechs) companies such as Payment Service Providers (PSPs), Dedicated Electronic Money Issuer (DEMI), Payment and Financial Technology Service Providers (PFTSPs) to ensure compliance with AML/CFT&P Laws, Regulations, Directives, Guidelines or Notices	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units.

	Transactions with Payment Cards Issued in Ghana and		
	Notice to Banks, E-Money Issuers, Payment Service		
	Providers and The General Public Notice No. BG/GOV/SEC/2020/14		
9.	Section 49(2)(f) of Act 1044; and Paragraphs 2.3.6 of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	Failure to undertake independent audit of the AML/CFT&P function	 Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units Auditor: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000 penalty units.
10.	Section 49(2)(b) of Act 1044; and Paragraphs 2.3.5.3 (i) and 2.12 of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	Failure to undertake adequate screening when hiring an employee and during employment of that employee	Human Resource Officer: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000 penalty units.
11.	Sections 49 (2) (c) and 50 (1) (a) of Act 1044; and Paragraph 2.12.2 of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	Failure to formulate and submit EmployeeEducation and Training programme for theensuing yearFailure to conduct ongoing training fordirectors, officials, employees	AMLRO: not less than 500 penalty unit s and not more than 20,000 penalty units.
12.	Paragraph 2.12.1.3 of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	Failure to undertake employee annual appraisals on AML/CFT&P programme.	Human Resource Officer: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000 penalty units

13.	Paragraph 2.12.2.9 of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	Failure to attend training or workshop organized by BOG/FIC	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units
14.	Sections 30 and 49 (2) (a) (i) of Act 1044; Regulation 11 of L.I. 1987; and	Failure to conduct effective Know Your Customer (KYC) / Customer Due Diligence (CDD) / Enhanced Due Diligence (EDD) on customers and business relationships.	Directors/Employees: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000 penalty units.
15.	Section 49 (2) (a) (ii) of Act 1044; Regulation 8 of L.I. 1987; and	 a. Failure to develop policies, procedures or programs for PEPs. b. Failure to maintain and submit list of PEPs to BOG. c. Failure to submit transactions undertaken by PEPs to FIC. d. Failure to perform EDD and seek Management approval before establishing a business relationship with a PEP. e. Failure to take reasonable measures to establish the source of funds and source of wealth of a PEP. 	Directors/Employees: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000 penalty units.
16.	Section 30 (8) of Act 1044; and Notice No. BG/GOV/SEC/2019/15	 a. Failure by accountable institution to ensure that internal systems or processes satisfies the identification, verification and CDD requirements for third parties pursuant to the Notice BG/GOV/SEC/2019/15 b. Failure by accountable institutions to 	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units

		conduct on-going third-party identification and verification pursuant to the Notice BG/GOV/SEC/2019/15	
17.	Sections 30 of Act 1044;	 Failure to conduct CDD/EDD on Cross-Border Correspondent Banking Relationship Shell Banks/Companies Intermediaries and Third-Party Service Provider Forex Bureau NPOs/NGOs/Charities/Religious Bodies MVTs High Risk Countries/Entities/Individuals 	Directors/Employees: not less than 500 penalty unit s and not more than 20,000 penalty units.
18.	Paragraphs 2.7.8 of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	 Money Value Transfer Services (MVTs) a. Failure to maintain a current list of agents and send quarterly returns to Bank of Ghana. b. Failure to assess the AML/CFT&P controls of their agents and correspondents to ascertain its effectiveness 	AMLRO: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000 penalty units.
19.	Paragraphs 2.7.10.B of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	Failure of an ordering AI to obtain and maintain information relating to the originator of the transaction.	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units
20.	Section 48 (1) (a) of Act 1044	Opening of an anonymous account or account in a fictitious name, or enter into a business with a customer not sighted.	Accountable Institutions - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units
21.	Section 49(2)(v) of Act 1044; and	a) Failure to implement internal policy, procedure or control for transaction	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and

		monitoring.b) Failure to acquire a system or software for transaction monitoring	not more than 100,000 penalty units
22.	Section 38 of Act 1044; Regulations 32-36 of L.I. 1987;	Failure to file Suspicious Transaction Reports (STRs)orFailure to file Suspicious Activities Report (SARs) to FIC	AMLRO: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000 penalty units.
23.	Section 38(6) & (7) of Act 1044	AIs shall not disclose any information contained in STRs/SARs unless the disclosure is necessary in the interest of justice and is to be made to a judge. AIs shall not disclose information that is likely to identify the person who prepared or made or handled an STR/SAR.	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units
24.	Sections 40 and 42 of Act 1044; and Paragraphs 2.9 of BOG/FIC AML/CFT&P Guideline, 2022	Failure to file Electronic Transfer of Currency Report (ETCR)OrFailure to file Cash Transactions Reports (CTRs) to FIC	AMLRO: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000 penalty units.
25.	Section 45 of Act 1044	Proceeding with a transaction which an accountable institution knows or reasonably suspects to be related to ML/TF &PF activity until the FIC direct otherwise or Failure to comply with orders given by a competent authority (such as. FIC, EOCO, Court, Police, etc.)	Directors/Employees: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000 penalty units.

		or Failure to comply with AML/CFT&P requirements which can or likely to frustrate an investigation	
26.	Sections 49(2) (c) (ii) and (iii) of Act 1044;	Failure to identify employee actions or lifestyle and transactions that may lead to ML/TF&PF activities e.g. fraud, cash suppression, among others.	AMLRO and Human Resource Officer: not less than 500 penalty unit s and not more than 20,000 penalty units.
27.	Section 48 (5) of Act 1044	An employee of an AI who intentionally or by gross negligence fails to comply with Act 1044 or any other Regulation, Directive, Guideline or Notice issued by BOG.	Directors/Employees - Not more than 10,000 penalty units to a person (that is either entities or individuals)
28.	Section 93(3) of Act 930	 Failure for: a. non-submission, b. incomplete submission, c. delayed submission, d. inaccurate submission 	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units
		of information, data, statements or returns	Directors/Employees: not less than 500 penalty units
			For each day that the default continues a further penalty of 50 penalty units in respect of the defaults.
29.	Section 36 of Act 1044; and	Failure to give access or provide information to BOG or FIC or any Competent Authority.	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not
	Regulation 41 of L.I. 1987	to bee of the of any competent Autionty.	more than 100,000 penalty units

30.	Section 32 of Act 1044;	Failure to keep books and records for five years and after the five-year period	Accountable Institution - not less than 1000 penalty units and not more than 100,000 penalty units
			Director/Employees: not less than 500 penalty units and not more than 20,000 penalty units.