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#### 1.0 Introduction

This strategic plan, termed "National Payment Systems Strategic Plan (2019-2024)", sets forth the policy direction and guidelines that will promote an enabling environment to develop the Ghanaian payment and financial systems. It leverages on opportunities provided by digital technologies to promote competition, efficiency, innovation and financial inclusion within the payment ecosystem. The plan is anchored on the provisions of the Bank of Ghana Act, 2002 (Act 612), as amended, and the Payment Systems and Services Act, 2019.

The new plan builds on the 2014 Strategic Roadmap by providing a policy framework to stimulate the electronic means of payment in Ghana and encourage shared responsibility in the implementation of the Plan.

Efficient, safe and convenient payment systems are fundamental to economic activity and wealth distribution. Ghana's payment system development, since 2000, has been guided by strategic plans to address the dominance of the informal sector and cash payments. Formalising payments is fundamental to modernising Ghana's economy and holds prospects for better outcome for fiscal operations of government and efficient functioning of the economy.

#### 2.0 Review of the 2014 Strategic Payment Systems Roadmap

The 2014 Strategic Roadmap sought, among other things, to:

- Increase the use of secured and efficient electronic payment channels to move the country to a cash-lite economy;
- Identify measures needed to create an enabling environment that would facilitate the provision and use of innovative electronic payment methods; and
- Promote financial inclusion.

#### 2.1 Key Achievements

The following were achieved under the 2014 Strategic Roadmap:

- Establishment of a Payment Systems Advisory Committee which advises the Bank on payment system issues;
- Implementation of GhIPSS Instant Pay (GIP) which allows payments to be sent across financial institutions electronically from one bank account to another;
- Introduction of gh-Link card which interconnects financial institutions and systems of third party providers; and
- Migration of payment cards to EMV<sup>1</sup> chip and PIN standards.

#### 2.2 Rationale for a New Payment Systems Strategy

Payment systems are undergoing significant changes driven by technological advancement and evolution of customer needs. Electronic payment is gradually edging out paper-based payment instruments on account of its relative efficiency. Consumers demand for convenience, speed and accessibility in payments are encouraging deployment of digital payment products. In Ghana, mobile phone penetration has enhanced the appeal of mobile money for payment services, and holds prospects for overcoming constraints to financial inclusion. It is however recognised that it requires substantial efforts for payment habits to change from paper-based to electronic form.

It is important that the efforts of Payment Service Providers to meet the complex payment needs of various users are properly coordinated and guided to constrain potential risks and enhance societal value. A concerted effort of all stakeholders is required to ensure that innovative payment products and services pose no risk to the integrity of the payment system and financial stability. A regulatory framework that provides space for FinTechs and other non-bank entities in the payments space is therefore essential. This strategic plan, over the next five years, will give direction to the rapidly evolving payment ecosystem.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Euro pay, MasterCard and Visa

#### 3.0 Vision

To have a safe, efficient and inclusive payment system with an enabling environment for competitive delivery of innovative, convenient, and affordable digital payment solutions.

#### 4.0 Strategic Objectives

The main strategic objectives<sup>2</sup> of the 2019-2024 National Payment System Strategy Plan are to:

- Foster efficient payments;
- Improve financial inclusion; and
- Enhance financial innovations.

#### **5.0 Strategic Pillars/ Responsibilities**

In line with the strategic objectives, the key strategic responsibilities are to:

- Develop and implement clear and comprehensive regulatory and governance framework:
- Promote free, competitive and orderly development of the payment system space that encourages innovation;
- Promote a safe and efficient payment system that fosters confidence and encourages usage;
- Deepen financial inclusion;
- Promote financial technologies;
- Promote interoperability of payment systems;
- Foster consumer trust; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A list of desired outcomes is provided in the appendix.

• Participate in the integration of regional payment systems.

## **5.1 Responsibility Matrix**

Responsibilities	Tasks	Priority	Lead
	Ensure that the provisions of the Payment Systems and Services Bill are broader to accommodate any new type of payment instruments, service and systems that may be used in the future.		BoG
Develop and implement	Strengthen the payment systems oversight function and build the capacity of the recently established Payment Systems Department.	High	BoG
clear and comprehensive	Leverage technology to increase and enhance effectiveness of supervision and oversight (RegTech)	Medium	BoG
regulatory and governance framework	Conduct a comprehensive review of the legal and regulatory framework governing payments and securities settlement systems.	High	BoG
	Examine the suitability of existing laws that govern ownership of data, insolvency and bankruptcy	High	BoG
	Harmonise legal approaches to key issues in areas such as payments law across jurisdictions	High	BoG
	Leverage FinTech capacity to lower barriers to entry for non-traditional players, including through promotion of proportionate, flexible, consistent, and predictable application of laws and regulations, while maintaining competition and market contestability.	Medium	BoG/GhIPSS/ PSP/Tech Chamber
	Apply competition policies to address risks of market concentration and abuse by both entrants and incumbents.	High	BoG/GhIPSS/ Tech Chamber
	Adapt competition policy frameworks for FinTech, taking into account new business models.	High	BoG
Promote free, competitive and orderly	Develop approaches for similar treatment of similar activities and risks in a proportionate manner to provide a level playing field regardless of the market participant, underlying technology, or method by which the service is provided.	High	BoG
development of the payment system space that encourages innovation	Foster standardisation, fair and transparent access to key infrastructures.	High	BoG
	Design regulations to be technology-neutral and to target externalities and financial stability risks, misconduct, and consumer protection	High	BoG/ MoF/NCA
	Ensure regulations are proportionate and adaptable, while seeking international consistency to avoid cross-border arbitrage	High	BoG/MoF
	Explore the potential use of FinTech solutions by both firms and supervisors.	High	PSP/ BoG/ MoF
	Assess current staffing and training models to determine if specialised skills would be needed.	High	BoG/MoF/ GhIPSS

Responsibilities	Tasks	Priority	Lead
	Explore the possibility of Payment Service Providers' ownership of the processing infrastructure (i.e. GhIPSS) in a phased manner while unlocking value derived from multiple payments through the network.	Medium	BoG/GhIPSS
Promote a safe and efficient payment system that fosters confidence and encourages usage	Explore globally acceptable standard across different payment platforms and adopt them as requirements for participants within the space	High	BoG/PSP
	Initiate the process whereby tax and non-tax payments can be made electronically through the use of Instant pay, RTGS and other digital payment types.	High	BoG/MoF
	Promote the use of agent banking by authorizing or licensing Payment Service Providers.	Medium	BoG
	Facilitate deployment of mPOS/POS and ATMs	High	BoG/PSP
Deepen Financial Inclusion	Promote a broader range of digital financial products and services (insurance, credit, pensions and savings) that meet the varying needs of all segments of the market.	High	BoG/MoF/ PSP/NIC/ NPRA/ SEC
	Authorise payment service providers to introduce QR codes	High	BoG/GhIPSS/ PSP
	Engage stakeholders to undertake a study on the possibility of introducing unified PoS terminals	High	BoG, MoF, GhIPSS, PSP
Promote Financial Technologies	Promote robust outsourcing arrangements that address technology dependence and apply strong disaster-recovery and business-continuity principles and standards for digital infrastructure	High	BoG
	Evolve standards for open data sharing	High	BoG
Promote Interoperability	Engage stakeholders to undertake a study on the possibility of introducing unified PoS terminals	High	BoG, MoF, GhIPSS, PSP
of Payment Systems	Authorise institutions to develop merchant and agent network	High	BoG/PSP
		High	BoG/PSP/ GhIPSS

Responsibilities Tasks			Lead
	Engage with stakeholders concerning guidelines on the fees to be charged and discuss limits to be placed on such fees		
	Ensure every payment service product has a well- structured recourse mechanism and have it tested before deployment of service	High	BoG/PSP
Foster Consumer Trust	Engage with other partner stakeholders in organising forums on financial literacy and assessing new trends within payment systems space	High	BoG
	Foster partnerships and promote knowledge-sharing and knowledge-exchange among public- and private-sector players, civil society, and other key stakeholders in the FinTech ecosystem.	Medium	BoG/GhIPSS/ MoF/ Tech Chamber/ PSP
	Perform consumer surveys of various PSPs and determine the level of fairness within their operations with the responses obtained	High	BoG/Tech Chamber
	Consider a scheme to link Gh-Link <sup>TM</sup> with other countries and commence a pilot test.	High	BoG/MoF/ GhIPSS
	Explore possibility of linking Ghana and Nigeria Payment System Infrastructure.	High	BoG/MoF/ GhIPSS
Integration of regional payments system	Share views and experiences with each other and with the private sector on FinTech developments and country responses using international fora as conduits.	High	BoG/MoF
	Monitor the increased interconnectedness of financial systems, both domestically and internationally, sharing information, and enhancing communication across countries	High	BoG/MoF

## **6.0 Strategic Enablers (Critical Success Factors)**

- Effective legal framework;
- Effective Information dissemination and awareness creation;
- Innovation and efficient service delivery;
- Infrastructure improvement and development; and
- Effective regulation and supervision.

#### 7.0 Strategic Initiatives

- Promote digital means of paying employees;
- Promote government transactions on electronic platforms;
- Develop and roll out a hybrid or mobile point of sale (mPOS) capability;

- Monitor ATM switching and activity;
- Enhance communication;
- Host anti-fraud solution;
- Enable a collaborative electronic commerce payment method;
- Implement penal pricing for cash and paper (Cash-Lite Policy);
- Participate in West African Interlinking of EFT/POS/ATM Switches;
- Participate in West African RTGS Payment Infrastructure;
- Recapitalise and commercialise GhIPSS;
- Account switching;
- Promotion of financial technology firms and innovations; and
- Promote open data initiatives.



## 8.0 Action Plan for Initiatives

Initiative	Actions	Benefits	
Promote digital means of paying employees	Develop use cases for wage payment on existing infrastructure; GIP, digital payment, mobile money wallets and other digital innovations approved by the Bank	Payments of benefits through electronic means will provide statistics for planning	
Timeline: Q3 2019- Q4 2024	Disincentivise the use of cash, cheque or cash wage payments through introduction of a fee structure	Beneficiaries will be assured timely receipt of payments	
Initiative Category: Technical Infrastructure	Develop and implement guidelines for a mechanism for resolution of incorrect or disputed payments	Operational efficiency of stakeholders will improve	
	Pay government benefits or social intervention schemes electronically or digitally	Electronic wage or benefits payments will permit automatic income tax deduction	
	Involve government agencies: All government wages and benefits should be paid electronically to promote the use of electronic payments		
Promote trust in digital payments			
Promote government transactions on electronic platforms	Make available and accessible electronic platforms to all financial service providers	Simplified and accurate assessments for taxation	
Timeline: Q4 2019-Q4 2024			
Initiative Category:  Scheme  Define open standards and architecture for the electronic platform		Provides data needed for any top up benefits for low paid workers	
	Pay informal sector pension through digital means	Helps to evolve policies especially those targeted at the vulnerable	
	Facilitate pension and insurance premium payment through mobile money	Faster receipt of tax and fee payments and less manual processes	

Initiative	Actions	Benefits
	<ul> <li>Promote digital means of Persons to Government (P2G) payments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Easier and more accurate reconciliation of receipts</li> <li>Less risk of dishonoured</li> </ul>
		cheques or cash leakage
Develop and roll out a hybrid or mobile point of sale (mPOS) capability	Put in place guidelines for POS/mPOS deployment for retail situations	Stimulates mPoS/POS payments in retail payment situations and increases the level of electronic payments in the economy
Timeline: Q2 2019 through 2024	Enforce guidelines aimed at resolution of incorrect and disputed payments	Improves awareness and increases acceptance of electronic payments
Initiative Category: Technical Infrastructure	Stimulate integration of mobile-based POS methods with value added services	<ul> <li>Provides a standard framework for dispute resolution mechanisms that promote trust in the payment system</li> </ul>
	• Facilitate affordable transaction cost for retail payments	
Manitar ATM	<ul> <li>Involve merchant associations, consumer protection agencies and payment service providers in the development of standards and guidelines</li> <li>Develop electronic payment roll-out strategy per retail sector or nationwide. For instance, for transportation, food purchasing or fuel purchasing, or for all retail situations</li> <li>Develop and implement an awareness and educational campaign aimed at increasing the use of mobile-based payments</li> <li>A comprehensive stimulus programme is required to promote acceptance of electronic payments in retail situations</li> <li>QR Code standards and payment methods using the mobile phone would also be defined</li> <li>Government intervention to increase POS/mPOS penetration with incentives to local payment service providers</li> </ul>	Doduge the goot of
Monitor ATM switching and activity	The Bank of Ghana would ensure that all domestic transactions of International Scheme cards are switched and processed by GhIPSS by the end of 2019	Reduce the cost of international schemes card transactions.

Initiative	Actions	Benefits
Timeline: Q1 2019 through 2024	The Bank of Ghana will liaise with National Identification Authority to implement a National Identification Scheme	Enhance the Bank of Ghana's surveillance over the payment systems.
Initiative category: Technical Infrastructure	The Bank of Ghana shall put in place a real time monitoring system for all electronic payments	<ul> <li>Increase use of financial services especially electronic payments on account of unique form of identification.</li> <li>Help to reduce identity fraud in the payment system.</li> </ul>
Enhance communication  Timeline: Q1 2019 through 2024	Task a committee to put up a communication plan for digital payments	Drive digital payments penetration
Initiative category: Change Management		
	Engage NCCE to undertake outreach programmes to educate the public on digital payments	Provide a channel for feedback
Host anti-fraud solution  Timeline: Q3 2019 through 2024	Anti-fraud technology would be implemented at GhIPSS to combat fraud.	Protect member payment service providers from fraudulent transactions.
Initiative category: Scheme	Payment service providers will engage to implement anti-fraud technology system	Enhance confidence in the payment system.
		Reduce financial losses and operational costs.

Initiative	Actions	Benefits
Enable a collaborative electronic commerce payment method  Timeline: 2020-2024	Licensed Payment service providers to offer electronic commerce solutions.	E-commerce will provide job opportunities for people delivering purchased goods.
Initiative category: Scheme	Promote issuance of electronic invoice	<ul> <li>Reduce time spent in shops and reduce merchants operational cost.</li> <li>Promote convenience for consumers</li> </ul>
Implement penal pricing for cash and paper (Cash-lite Policy) Timeline: 2019-2024 Initiative category:	<ul> <li>While levying penal charges as an isolated initiative is straight forward, a careful consideration of prior change management, prior infrastructure enablement and communication plan would be put in place.</li> <li>Issue notices on cash and cheque</li> </ul>	Promote the use of digital payments
Legal	usage	
Participate in West African Interlinking of EFT/POS/ATM Switches	<ul> <li>GhIPSS would initiate action to make domestic card (gh-link) acceptable in the sub region.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improves trade both regionally and with global trading partners.</li> </ul>
Timeline: 2020-2024	• A priority list of countries for which inter-linking is sought along UPI lines shall be drawn up by GhIPSS.	Supports the cash-lite agenda
Initiative category: Governance/Scheme/I nfrastructure	<ul> <li>Align various digital payment types with WAMZ payments agenda.</li> </ul>	Enables cash withdrawal in local currency in other countries in the sub-region
Participate in West African RTGS Payment Infrastructure	Pursue RTGS interlinking (Decentralised / Distributed system) with WAMZ infrastructure.	• Funding may be obtained from multilateral development banks such as AfDB, World Bank, Afrexim Bank or other organizations towards the payments initiatives being pursued by WAMZ.

Initiative	Actions	Benefits
	Determine settlement currency, and use the European TARGET interlinking approach.	· Provides economic benefits through improvement in trade.
Timeline: 2020-2024	Timeline: 2020-2024 Pilot a working concept with Nigeria.	
Initiative category: Governance/Scheme/I nfrastructure	· Align digital payment types initiatives with WAMZ payments agenda	· Promotes socio-economic development through harmonization of common interests.
Recapitalize and commercialize GhIPSS in stages in favour of payment systems providers to make it sustainable	Bank of Ghana to draw a roadmap for diversification of GhIPSS share ownership structure.	<ul> <li>Reduces GhIPSS dependency on the Bank of Ghana.</li> <li>Incentivises payment</li> </ul>
Timeline: 2020-2024		service providers to use and promote GhIPSS services.
Initiative category: Governance		<ul> <li>Improves GhIPSS operational efficiency.</li> <li>Reduces possible conflict of interest situations.</li> </ul>
Account switching Timeline: 2021-2024	Bank of Ghana shall engage and explore the need for account number portability.	Switching engenders competition and offers choice to customers
Initiative category: Scheme	portability.	to customers
Promotion of financial technology firms and innovations	Explore regulatory Sandboxes	Boost innovation in the payment ecosystem
Timeline: 2019-2024 Initiative category: Scheme/Commercial	Implement the Bali FinTech Agenda, 2018	Regulators have better understanding of technology before products are approved
	Engage other regulatory agencies to promote FinTech	Reduce cost and time of getting innovative products into the market

Initiative	Actions	Benefits
		Ensure consumer protection safeguards are built into new product before coming on the market
		<ul><li>Enable innovators to access finance.</li><li>Create entrepreneurial culture</li></ul>
Promote open data initiative	Put in place standard for data sharing	More innovative services for consumers
Timeline: 2021- 2024	Engage stakeholders to develop the roadmap for data sharing	Creates competition and choice
Initiative category: Open banking		

#### 9.0 Conclusion

The National Payment Systems Strategic Plan (2019-2024) provides a framework for the orderly development of a national payment system that is efficient, safe, accessible and fosters innovation and electronic means of payments. This plan encourages shared responsibility in its implementation and provides a policy framework to guide stakeholders to ensure that the payments ecosystem supports financial inclusion.

# **Appendix: Desired Outcomes, Associated Tasks and Measurement Indicators**

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
Strengthened Payment Systems Oversight	Ensure that the provisions of the Payment Systems and Services Bill are broader to accommodate any new type of payment instruments, service and systems that may be used in the future.	High	BoG	A clause in the Payment Systems and Services Bill which provides provision for introduction of future payment instruments, service and systems.
	Strengthen the payment systems oversight function and build the capacity of the recently established Payment Systems Department.	High	BoG	<ul> <li>Adequate staff strength and training programs.</li> <li>Approved oversight manual</li> <li>Approved payment systems operational manual</li> <li>Approved departmental budget</li> <li>Availability of tools and systems for oversight function</li> </ul>
	Leverage technology to increase and enhance effectiveness of supervision and oversight (RegTech)	Medium	BoG	<ul> <li>Implement RegTech solution to enhance oversight by end 2020</li> <li>Implement Oracle BI solution for data collection and analysis by end 2020</li> </ul>
	Conduct a comprehensive review of the legal and regulatory framework governing payment and securities settlement systems.	High	<b>BoG,</b> SEC	Conduct and submit report on legal and regulatory framework of Payment and securities settlement systems to the Payment Systems Advisory Committee by mid-year 2020.
Bolstered payment systems platforms and services	Develop and promote a fully interoperable payment system	High	BoG, MoF/ GhIPSS, PSP	Implementation of full interoperability among mobile money, Gh-Link (bank account) and e-zwich payment platforms by end 2019
	Expand the scope of Government to people (G2P) and people to Government (P2G) payments made using electronic means. For instance, E-Zwich,	High	BoG, MoF, GhIPSS, PSP, NITA, CAGD	At least 95% of Government to People (G2P) and 75% of People to Government (P2G) payment transactions should be digitized by the end of 2020.

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
	mobile payments, GIP would be explored.			
	Increase competition among remittances service providers and lower costs by authorizing regulated and sound SDIs and MTOs. All remittances to terminate in e-wallets and bank accounts.	High	BoG, PSP, GhIPSS	Issue guidelines for the operations of remittances services with the broader objective of enhancing competition and providing affordable service by the end 2020.
Increased proximity of financial access points	Promote the use of agent banking by authorizing or licensing Payment Service Providers.	Medium	BoG	<ul> <li>Provisions in the Payment         Systems and Services Act             should be adequate to provide             a level playing field for             promoting agent banking         Number of Agent points should             double by end 2020         Develop Agent Registry by end      </li> </ul>
	Undertake Geospatial mapping of access points	High	BoG, PSP	<ul> <li>Undertake Geospatial mapping of access points by end 2019</li> <li>Develop Agent Registry which provides Geospatial information of access points by end 2019</li> </ul>
	Facilitate deployment of mPOS/POS and ATMs	High	PSP, BoG, MoF	<ul> <li>Develop and implement guidelines on operations of electronic payment channels in Ghana by 2019.</li> <li>The guidelines should include provisions to facilitate the deployment of mPOS/POS and ATMs</li> </ul>
Expanded digital financial services	Develop standards for onboarding of agents	High	BoG, PSP	Develop guidelines or standards for onboarding of agents by mid- year 2020
	Promote a broader range of digital financial products and services (insurance, credit, pensions and savings) that meet the varying needs of all segment of the market.	High	BoG/MoF, PSP, NIC, NPRA, SEC	- Provisions in the Payment Systems and Services Act which broadens the permissible activities to include all digital financial products and services (insurance, credit, pension and savings)

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
	Conduct a review of the	Medium	BoG/GhIPSS	<ul> <li>Provision in the Payment         Systems and Services Act for         emerging digital financial         products and services.</li> <li>Licensing and authorization         requirement for the provision         of digital financial services         should be fair and transparent.</li> <li>Conduct a review of mobile</li> </ul>
	mobile money value chain and MMOs business practices to understand drivers of costs and fees to work towards reduction in fees and charges.		, PSP	money value chain and tariff structure and submit report to Payment System Advisory Committee by end 2020.
All employees paid electronically	Facilitate payment of transport fares, fuel, and retail purchase electronically	High	BoG, PSP, GhIPSS, Transport Union, OMCs	<ul> <li>Evaluate the option to pay for transport fares, fuel and other retail services electronically by 2021.</li> <li>Develop and implement guidelines on operations of electronic payment channels in Ghana by end 2019.</li> </ul>
	Avoid taxes on digital payments	High	MoF, BoG	- Review Government budget statement and verify whether there was provision on taxes on digital payments.
	Develop use cases for the electronic wage payment on both existing infrastructure (bank accounts) and other electronic means	High	BoG, MoF, PSP, GhIPSS	Develop use cases for the electronic wage payment by mid-year 2020
	Develop an incentive pricing scheme: price the use of cash, cheque or cash wage payments higher than electronic payments.	High	BoG/ MoF, GhIPSS, PSP	- Bank of Ghana should issue a directive on incentive pricing scheme that favours electronic wage payment.
	Evolve guidelines for mechanism aimed at resolution of incorrect or disputed payments;	High	BoG, MoF	Develop guidelines for dispute resolution related to electronic payments by mid-year 2020

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
	Pay government benefits or social intervention schemes and informal sector wages electronically or price them accordingly so that electronic payment is cheaper for beneficiary.	High	<b>BoG</b> , MoF	Ninety percent (90%) of government benefits including social intervention schemes and informal sector wages should be paid electronically by end 2020.
	Encourage electronic means of payment for utilities	High	MoF, PURC	<ul> <li>Available option should exist for payment of utilities by electronic means by mid-year 2020.</li> <li>Bank of Ghana should issue a directive on incentive pricing scheme that the favours electronic means of payment by end 2020.</li> </ul>
Increased adoption of e- government initiatives	Initiate the process whereby tax and non- tax payments can be made electronically through the use of Instant pay, RTGS and other digital payment types.	High	BoG, MoF, GhIPSS, PSP	<ul> <li>Government should declare in a public statement its plans to facilitate payment/collection of tax and non-tax through electronic means by end 2019.</li> <li>Ninety percent (90%) of government tax and non-tax payments/collection should be</li> </ul>
	E-collections are to be adopted for customs payments through mobile, internet or other electronic means.	High	<b>BoG</b> , MoF	made electronically by end 2020 Option to pay school and hospital fees by electronic
	Benefit and pension payments should be paid using electronic means direct to a bank account, payment card account, and mobile money account as appropriate.	High	BoG, MoF, NPRA,	
	Encourage payment for school and hospital fees by electronic means	High	BoG, MoF, MoH, MoE, PSP,	
Ghana's EFT/POS/ATM switches interlinked with	GhIPSS should consider a scheme to link GH- Link™ with other	High	BoG, MoF, GhIPSS	Facilitate implementation of integration of payment systems of West African states by end 2022

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
other West	countries and			
African	commence a pilot test.			
countries	Explore possibility of	High	BoG, MoF,	Facilitate Implementation of
	linking with Nigeria		GhIPSS	integration of Ghana's payment
	Payment Infrastructure.			systems with Nigeria payment
				infrastructure by end 2020
GhIPSS	The Bank of Ghana	High	BoG, MoF	The roadmap of recapitalisation
recapitalised	should explore the			of GhIPSS should be developed
and	possibility of Payment			and signed by the Bank of Ghana
commercialised	Service Providers'			by the end 2020
	ownership of the			
	processing			
	infrastructure (i.e.			
	GhIPSS) in a phased			
	manner while unlocking			
	value derived from			
	multiple payments			
	through the network.			
Regulatory	Evolve Guidelines on	High	<b>BoG,</b> MoF	Develop and implement
environment for	electronic channels			guidelines on operations of
payment				electronic payment channels in
channels				Ghana by end 2019.
enabled	Evolve standards for	Medium	PoC DCD	Davolon guidalines for regulatory
		Medium	BoG, PSP,	Develop guidelines for regulatory sandbox by end 2020
	regulatory sandbox Evolve standards for	Lave	D-C DCD	·
		Low	BoG, PSP,	Develop guidelines for open data
	open data sharing		Protection	sharing or open banking by end 2023
Increased use of	Authorise payment	High	BoG,	QR code payment method
QR Codes	service providers to	nigii	GhIPSS, PSP	should be available at 70% of
QIV Codes	introduce QR codes		GIIIF 33, F3F	merchant service points by end
	introduce Qiv codes			2020
	Develop standards for	High	BoG,	Develop standards for QR Code
	QR codes		GhIPSS, PSP	payment method by mid-year
				2020
A unified Point	Engage stakeholders to	High	BoG, MoF,	Develop and implement
of Sale terminal	undertake a study on		GhIPSS, PSP	guidelines on operations of
developed	the possibility of			electronic payment channels by
	introducing unified POS			end of 2019.
	terminals			
Merchant Agent	Authorise institutions to	High	BoG, PSP	Payment Service Providers
Network	develop merchant and			should develop and implement
Developed	agent network			training and awareness program
				for merchant and agent network
				by end 2020.

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
Guidelines and measures for FinTechs developed	Institute measures to support FinTechs	High	<b>BoG,</b> MoF, PSP	<ul> <li>Develop guidelines for regulatory sandbox by end 2020.</li> <li>Licensing process of FinTech companies should be fair and</li> </ul>
				transparent.  - Licensing requirements should be published  - Required paid-up capital and processing fees should be proportionate to business risk
Guidelines on	Engage stakeholders to	High	<b>BoG,</b> GhIPSS	Develop guidelines on instant
Instant	develop guidelines on			electronic funds transfer by end
Electronic Funds	instant electronic funds			2020
Transfer developed	transfer			
Guidelines on	Engage stakeholders to	High	<b>BoG,</b> GhIPSS	Develop guidelines on
Outsourcing	develop guidelines on			outsourcing by end 2020
developed	outsourcing			
Capacity	Strengthen institutional	High	BoG, PSP,	-Develop and implement training
building	capacity by putting in		Tech	programs for payment system
programmes for FinTech	place legal and regulatory framework to		Chamber, GhIPSS	regulators on payment innovations by mid-year 2020.
developed	promote innovation of		GIIIF33	- Develop guidelines for
developed	FinTech			regulatory sandbox by end
				2020.
,	Build-up knowledge	High	BoG, MoF/	Develop and implement training
	base of FinTech through		GhIPSS	programs for payment system
	education			regulators on payment
				innovations by mid-year 2020
	Deepen communication	High	<b>BoG,</b> Tech	- Attend international
	with external stakeholders.		Chamber	conferences and seminars on FinTech.
	stakenolders.			- Implement commitments made
				on international platform
Technologies for	Facilitate the	High	Telecom	Conduct a survey to ascertain the
financial service	development of	_	Chamber,	level of improvement of
provision	telecommunications,		BoG, NCA,	telecommunications, broadband
enhanced	broadband and mobile		GIFEC, Tech	and mobile data services in the
	data services.		Chamber	payment space by 2020.
	Promote digitization	High	<b>BoG,</b> MoF,	- Government should issue a
	across government and		PSP	public statement indicating its
	more broadly the entire			plans to digitize all government
	economy, and enable			payments and collections by
	financial sector's fair			end 2019.
	access to relevant data.		<u> </u>	

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
				<ul> <li>Ninety percent (90%) of government tax and non-tax payments/collection should be made electronically by end 2020.</li> <li>Develop guidelines for open data sharing or open banking by end 2023</li> </ul>
	Encourage the development of digital identity mechanisms to reliably authenticate customers remotely.	Medium	NIA, BoG,	Develop and implement national identity authentication portal/system for banking and payment services by end 2022.
	Encourage the development of financial infrastructures, such as those for credit reporting and cross-border payments that have fair, transparent, and risk-based access and usage criteria.	Medium	BoG, MoF, GhIPSS	<ul> <li>Approved regulatory framework for key financial infrastructures including credit bureaus and cross-border payment system should be available by mid-year 2020.</li> <li>Review the operations of the financial infrastructures such as credit bureaus and cross- border payment system and ascertain whether they meet approved regulatory framework by end 2020</li> </ul>
Competition and commitment to open, free and contestable markets reinforced	Leverage FinTech capacity to lower barriers to entry for non-traditional players, including through promotion of proportionate, flexible, consistent, and predictable application of laws and regulations, while maintaining competition and market contestability.	Medium	BoG, GhIPSS, PSP, Tech Chamber	Develop guidelines for regulatory sandbox by end 2020
	Apply competition policies to address risks of market concentration and abuse by both entrants and incumbents. Adapt competition policy frameworks for	High High	BoG, Tech Chamber, GhIPSS	Develop competition policy for payment ecosystem by end 2022

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
	FinTech, taking into account new business models.			
	Develop approaches for similar treatment of similar activities and risks in a proportionate	High	BoG	
	manner to provide a level playing field regardless of the market participant, underlying			
	technology, or method by which the service is provided.			
	Foster standardization, interoperability, and fair and transparent access to key infrastructures.	High	BoG	
FinTechs	Embed FinTech topics in	High	Tech	
supported to	national inclusion and		Chamber/	
promote	financial literacy		BoG/	
financial	strategies and consider		MoF	
inclusion and	establishing a dedicated			
financial	body to track FinTech			
markets	development, promote			Dayment Systems and Sanjage
(	the ease of doing			- Payment Systems and Services Act should address FinTech
	business in the sector,			
	and consider			issues National Financial Inclusion
	international			Development Strategy (NFIDS)
	cooperation			should leverage FinTech to
	opportunities			promote financial inclusion.
	Promote educational	High	BoG/	- Establish a dedicated unit to
	efforts and avoid a gap		<b>MoF,</b> Tech	promote and track FinTech
	between the "haves"		Chamber	development by end 2020
	and the "have nots."			- Develop guidelines for
	Foster partnerships and	Medium	BoG,	regulatory sandbox by end
	promote knowledge-		GhIPSS,	2020.
	sharing and knowledge-		MoF, Tech	2020.
	exchange among public		Chamber	
	and private sector		PSP	
	players, civil society, and			
	other key stakeholders			
	in the FinTech			
	ecosystem.			
	Move toward digitized	High	BoG,	Government should issue a
	government payments		GhIPSS,	public statement indicating its
			MoF, PSP	plans to digitize all government

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
				payments and collections by end 2019.
Stakeholders'	Support effective	High	BoG	Develop and implement
understanding	system-wide oversight			oversight framework by end
of evolving	framework			2020
financial	Enhance data-collection	High	BoG	- Develop data collection
systems	powers to support an			template and reporting
deepened	extension of the data-			guidelines for all approved
	reporting perimeter to			payment products and services
	include new entities and			by end 2019.
	the collection of			- Collect and analyze data of all
	information on new			approved payment products
	products and activities.			and services
	Capture innovation and	High	BoG,	- Develop and implement
	changes in		GhIPSS, PSP	oversight framework by end
	intermediation that			2020
	could lead to potential			- Issue annual report on
	opportunities and risks.			innovations in the payment
				landscape
	Support the	High	BoG	Develop and implement self-
	identification and			assessment guidelines by mid-
	assessment of risks on a			year 2020
	regular and continuous			
	basis	10: 1	<b>D O FIG</b>	
	Tailor monitoring to the	High	BoG, FIC,	Develop and implement
	specific characteristics of domestic financial		PSP	oversight framework by end
				2020
	markets, their			
	regulatory frameworks, and their international			
	connections.			
Regulatory	Design regulations to be	High	BoG, MoF,	- Develop and implement
framework and	technology-neutral and		NCA	oversight framework by end
supervisory	to target externalities		110/1	2020
practices	and financial stability			- Review payment systems
improved	risks, misconduct, and			regulations and ascertain
	consumer protection			whether they are technology-
	р			neutral and target externalities
				and financial stability risks,
				misconduct, and consumer
				protection.
				- Develop and implement
				consumer protection
				regulations for the payment
				space.

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
				- Develop guidelines and operating rules for systemic important payment systems by 2020
	Ensure regulations are proportionate and adaptable, while seeking international consistency to avoid cross-border arbitrage	High	BoG, MoF	Review relevant payment system regulations to ascertain whether they are proportionate and adaptable and also prevent cross-border regulatory arbitrage.
	Explore the potential use of FinTech solutions by both firms and supervisors.	High	PSP, BoG, MoF,	<ul> <li>Develop guidelines for regulatory sandbox by end 2020.</li> <li>Clear and transparent guidelines for licensing of FinTech firms</li> </ul>
				- Government statement indicating its plans to digitize all government payments and collections.
	Assess current staffing and training models to determine if specialized skills would be needed.	High	BoG, MoF, GhIPSS	<ul><li>Annual review of staffing and training needs</li><li>Increase capacity of staff</li></ul>
Integrity of financial systems safeguarded	Identify, understand, and assess the ML/TF risks, and apply AML/CFT measures commensurate with these risks	High	BoG, MoF, FIC	<ul> <li>Develop and implement self-assessment guidelines by midyear 2020</li> <li>Conduct annual assessment on payment system providers to ascertain compliance with AML/CFT laws and regulations.</li> </ul>
	Identify and encourage the use of FinTech products and services that strengthen the AML/CFT framework	High	BoG, MoF, FIC	<ul> <li>Develop guidelines for regulatory sandbox by end 2020.</li> <li>Proportionate and transparent licensing requirements for products and services to strengthen the AML/CFT framework.</li> </ul>
	Develop institutional capacity and ensure adequate communication with FinTech providers	High	BoG, MoF, GhIPSS, FIC	<ul> <li>Approved capacity building program on FinTech innovations for staff.</li> <li>Arrange half-year meetings with the FinTech association.</li> </ul>

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
Legal frameworks to provide an enabling legal landscape modernised	Examine the suitability of existing laws that govern ownership of data, insolvency and bankruptcy  Harmonize legal approaches across jurisdictions to key issues in areas such as payments law	High High	BoG, AG, Data Protection BoG, AG	Review existing laws that govern ownership of data, insolvency and bankruptcy to ascertain its suitability for modernizing the payment system by end 2020
Stability of domestic monetary and financial systems achieved	Adapt operational frameworks of monetary policy to ensure effective transmission.  Explore new FinTech applications to improve and expand access to payments systems	High	BoG, MoF, GhIPSS	<ul> <li>Review the operational framework of monetary policy and determine whether current payment system infrastructures are adequate and effective.</li> <li>Conduct a survey to ascertain whether Ghana's payment system landscape is safe and efficient to facilitate the transmission process of monetary policy by end 2021.</li> <li>Develop guidelines for regulatory sandbox by end 2020.</li> <li>Publish the licensing process and requirements on the Bank of Ghana website by end 2019.</li> </ul>
	Re-examine financial safety net and role of "lender of last resort" in times of crisis	High	BoG, MoF	Assess financial safety nets.
Robust financial and data infrastructure to sustain FinTech developed	Encourage financial firms and technology providers to embed cyber security and operational risk management into an enterprise-wide risk-management framework and to promote technical standards on cyber and information security	High	<b>BoG</b> , FIC, CERT,	<ul> <li>Licensing requirements of FinTech companies should include compliance with cyber security and operational risk management framework and regulations.</li> <li>Develop guidelines for regulatory sandbox by end 2020.</li> <li>Regulatory Sandbox Criteria should require adherence to cyber security and operational risk management framework and regulations.</li> </ul>

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
	Promote robust	High	BoG	Develop outsourcing guidelines
	outsourcing			that address disaster-recovery
	arrangements that			and business-continuity
	address technology			principles and standards for
	dependence and apply			digital infrastructure by mid-year
	strong disaster-recovery			2020
	and business-continuity			
	principles and standards			
	for digital infrastructure			
	Monitor and manage	High	<b>BoG,</b> FIC	- Develop and implement self-
	domestic and cross-			assessment guidelines by mid-
	border concentration			year 2020
	risk, because economies			- Develop and implement
	of scale could lead to			oversight framework by end
	large financial or			2020
	technology firms			- Oversight framework should
	becoming increasingly			include annual assessment of
	important in the			domestic and cross-border
	provision of key		· ·	concentration risk of systemic
	infrastructure services,			important payment systems.
	thus increasing			
	vulnerability to systemic			
	disruption.			
	Ensure that robust data-	High	BoG, FIC,	Develop and implement data-
	governance frameworks		Data	governance framework that
	are in place to address		Protection,	address issues of data
	issues of data		PSP	ownership, privacy,
	ownership, privacy,			confidentiality, integrity,
	confidentiality, integrity,			availability, and ethical use of
	availability, and ethical use of data.			data by mid-year 2020.
International co-	Share views and	High	<b>BoG,</b> MoF	
operation and	experiences with each	111811	<b>500,</b> WIOI	
information	other and with the			
sharing	private sector on			
facilitated	FinTech developments			
Tacintatea	and country responses			
	using international fora			- Establish FinTech apex body to
	as conduits.			coordinate information sharing
	Monitor the increased	High	<b>BoG,</b> MoF	among members.
	interconnectedness of		,	- Increase capacity of staff
	financial systems, both			
	domestically and			
	internationally, sharing			
	information, and			
	enhancing			
	·	<u> </u>		

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
	communication across			
	countries			
	Stand ready to adapt	High	BoG, MoF	Conduct assessment to
	policy responses to			determine whether the systemic
	reflect evolution of the			important payment system
	financial system			infrastructures are ready to
				adapt development in the
				payment and financial system
	Monitor global market	High	BoG, MoF	- Scan payment systems space
	developments and			to identify emerging
	emerging issues and			innovations and submit papers
	risks, including opportunities and			to management.
	challenges to financial			- Assess periodically, the adequacy of the regulatory
	development and			environment and make
	inclusion, and			recommendations for review
	disruptions to market			and/or amendments where
	structures and to			necessary.
	business models of			,
	existing financial service			
	providers, to ensure			
	adequacy of the			
	regulatory environment			
	Build technical and	High	BoG, MoF,	- Develop technical and
	regulatory capacities by		FIC, Tech	regulatory capacity building
	participating in		Chamber,	programs for staff.
	international training		PSP	- Develop program for
	and peer-learning			regulators to participate
	programs			international seminars and
				conferences on payment
				systems Participate in peer learning
				programs
				P. 08. 01.10
Collective	Close data and statistics	High	BoG, MoF,	- Review payment systems
surveillance of	gaps to strengthen risk		FIC	reporting guidelines.
the international	monitoring in a global			- Publish quarterly payment
monetary and	economic environment			systems statistics.
financial system	subject to an increased			- Develop off-site oversight
enhanced	pace of technological			framework by 2020
	progress.			
	Support efforts to	High	BoG, MoF,	- Develop and implement
	strengthen financial		FIC	AML/CFT regulations for
	integrity and resilience,			financial sector institutions by
	including through policy			mid-year 2020

Desired Outcomes	Tasks	Priority	Lead	Measurement Indicators
	advice, assessments of countries' AML/CFT frameworks, and Capacity Development activities			<ul> <li>Develop and implement cyber security regulations and standards by mid-year 2020</li> <li>Conduct annual assessment on payment system providers and ascertain whether they comply with AML/CFT and cyber security laws and regulations.</li> <li>Develop capacity building programs for regulators and stakeholders by end 2019</li> </ul>
	Strengthen Capacity Development activities related to technological and financial innovations including cybersecurity, benefiting from strategic partnerships with donor countries	High	<b>BoG</b> , MoF, FIC, CERT	Develop capacity building program on technological and financial innovations including cyber security for staff
	Assess the implications of FinTech for capital flows and the nature of cross-border spillovers and related policies, including the pace and sequencing of capital-flow liberalization to preserve the collective gains from openness, consistent with the IMF's Institutional View, and World Bank practice.	High	BoG, MoF	Develop a paper to assess the implications of FinTech operations for capital flows and the nature of cross-border spillovers and related policies by end 2021